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L. P. Fisher, 20 and 21 New Merchants' Exchange, is our authorized Agent in San Francisco.
Schneider, Grierson & Co., Arizona City
E. Irvine & Co., Phoenix
H. A. Bigelow will receive and receipt or money for THE CITIZEN at Prescott.

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OFFICE:
CORNER STONE AND CONVENT STREETS,
TUCSON, A. T. 164

COLES BASHFORD,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
TUCSON, ARIZONA.
Will practice in all the courts of the Territory.—141

J. E. McCaffery,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
[U. S. District Attorney for Arizona.]
TUCSON, ARIZONA.
Office on Congress street. 141

L. C. HUGHES,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
CONGRESS STREET, TUCSON,
141-41

W. A. HANCOCK,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Conveyances and all legal papers made out with correctness and dispatch.
Legal Blanks and Blank Declaratory statements always on hand.
Phoenix A. T., Dec. 26, '71. 146-41

J. C. HANDY, M. D.,
OFFICE ON MYERS STREET,
opposite Marsh's Restaurant, 149-41

PIONEER NEWS DEPOT

CIGAR STORE.

THE LATEST NEWSPAPERS, PERIODICALS, Magazines and Novels.

Also, a fine assortment of
Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes, Etc.,
constantly on hand.

J. S. MANSFIELD,
Locust's block, Congress-st,
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E. N. FISH, S. SILVERBERG,
Tucson, San Francisco,
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E. N. FISH & CO.,

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Wholesale and Retail

DEALERS IN—

General Merchandise.

HAVE constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco, Hardware, etc., which we will sell at the very lowest prices.

We have, also, Hay and Grain, constantly on hand to supply the Public.—5-41

Notice.

THE COLORADO STEAM NAVIGATION Company's

Steamship Newbern
Leaves San Francisco for mouth of Colorado river on first of every month, connecting with river boats. Freight landed at Yuma in twelve (12) days from San Francisco. Agencies of the Company 610 Front street, San Francisco, California; James and Ehrenberg, A. T.
J. POLHAMUS, JR.,
General Superintendent.

U. S. LAW RELATING TO MINERAL LANDS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all valuable mineral deposits in lands belonging to the United States, both surveyed and unsurveyed, are hereby declared to be free and open to exploration and purchase, and the lands in which they are found to occupation and purchase, by citizens of the United States and those who have declared their intention to become such, under regulations prescribed by law, and according to the local customs or rules of miners, in the several mining districts, so far as the same are applicable and not inconsistent with the laws of the United States.

Section 2. That mining claims upon veins or lodes of quartz or other rock in place bearing gold, silver, cinnabar, lead, tin, copper, or other valuable deposits heretofore located, shall be governed as to length along the vein or lode by the customs, regulations, and laws in force at the date of their location. A mining claim located after the passage of this Act, whether located by one or more persons, may equal, but shall not exceed, one thousand five hundred feet in length along the vein or lode; but no location of a mining claim shall be made until the discovery of the vein or lode within the limits of claim located: No claim shall extend more than three hundred feet on each side of the middle of the vein at the surface, nor shall any claim be limited by any mining regulation to less than twenty-five feet on each side of the middle of the vein at the surface, except where adverse rights existing at the passage of this Act shall render such limitation necessary. The end lines of each claim shall be parallel to each other.

Sec. 3. That the locators of all mining locations heretofore made, or which shall hereafter be made, on any mineral vein, lode, or ledge, situated on the public domain, their heirs, and assigns, where no adverse claim exists at the passage of this Act, so long as they comply with the laws of the United States, and with State, Territorial, and local regulations not in conflict with said laws of the United States governing their possessory title, shall have the exclusive right of possession and enjoyment of all the surface included within the lines of their locations, and of all veins, lodes, and ledges throughout their entire depth, the top or apex of which lies inside of such surface lines extended downward vertically, although such veins, lodes, or ledges may so far depart from a perpendicular in their course downward as to extend outside the vertical side lines of said surface locations; provided, that their right of possession to such outside parts of said veins or ledges shall be confined to such portions thereof as lie between vertical planes drawn downward as aforesaid, through the end lines of their locations, so continued in their own direction that such planes will intersect such exterior parts of said veins or ledges; and provided further, that nothing in this section shall authorize the locator or possessor of a vein or lode which extends in its downward course beyond the vertical lines of his claim to enter upon the surface of a claim owned or possessed by another.

Sec. 4. That where a tunnel is run for the development of a vein or lode, or for the discovery of mines, the owners of such tunnel shall have the right of possession of all veins or lodes within three thousand feet from the face of such tunnel on the line thereof, not previously known to exist, discovered in such tunnel, to the same extent as if discovered from the surface; and locations on the line of such tunnel of veins or lodes not appearing on the surface, made by other parties after the commencement of the tunnel, and while the same is being prosecuted with reasonable diligence, shall be invalid; but failure to prosecute the work on the tunnel for six months shall be considered as an abandonment of the right to all undiscovered veins on the line of said tunnel.

Sec. 5. That the miners of each mining district may make rules and regulations not in conflict with the laws of the United States, or with the laws of the State or Territory in which the district is situated, governing the location, manner of recording, amount of work necessary to hold pos-

session of a mining claim, subject to the following requirements: The location must be distinctly marked on the ground so that its boundaries can be readily traced. All records of mining claims hereafter made shall contain the name or names of the locators, the date of the location, and such a description of the claim or claims located by reference to some natural object or permanent monument as will identify the claim. On each claim located after the passage of this Act, and until a patent shall have been issued therefor, not less than one hundred dollars' worth of labor shall be performed or improvements made during each year. On all claims located prior to the passage of this Act, ten dollars' worth of labor shall be performed or improvements made each year for each one hundred feet in length along the vein until a patent shall have been issued therefor; but where such claims are held in common such expenditure may be made upon any one claim; and upon a failure to comply with these conditions, the claim or mine upon which such failure occurred shall be open to relocation in the same manner as if no location of the same had ever been made; provided, that the original locators, their heirs, assigns, or legal representatives, have not resumed work upon the claim after such failure and before such relocation. Upon the failure of any one of several co-owners to contribute his proportion of the expenditures required by this Act, the co-owners who have performed the labor or made the improvements may, at the expiration of the year, give such delinquent co-owner personal notice in writing or notice by publication in the newspaper published nearest the claim, for at least once a week for ninety days, and if at the expiration of ninety days after such notice in writing or by publication such delinquent should fail or refuse to contribute his proportion to comply with this Act, his interest in the claim shall become the property of his co-owners who have made the required expenditures.

Sec. 6. That a patent for any land claimed and located for valuable deposits may be obtained in the following manner: Any person, association, or corporation authorized to locate a claim under this Act, having claimed and located a piece of land for such purposes, who has, or have, complied with the terms of this Act, may file in the proper Land Office an application for a patent, under oath, showing such compliance, together with a plat and field notes of the claim or claims in common, made by or under the direction of the United States Surveyor General, showing accurately the boundaries of the claim or claims, which shall be distinctly marked by monuments on the ground, and shall post a copy of such plat, together with a notice of such application for a patent, in a conspicuous place on the land embraced in such plat previous to the filing of the application for a patent, and shall file an affidavit of at least two persons that such notice has been duly posted as aforesaid, and shall file a copy of said notice in such Land Office, and shall thereupon be entitled to a patent for said land, in the manner following: The Register of the Land Office, upon the filing of such application, plat, field notes, notice and affidavits, shall publish a notice that such application has been made, for the period of sixty days, in a newspaper to be by him designated as published nearest to said claim; and he shall also post such notice in his office for the same period. The claimant at the time of filing this application, or at any time thereafter, within the sixty days of publication, shall file with the Register a certificate of the United States Surveyor General that five hundred dollars' worth of labor has been expended or improvements made upon the claim by himself or grantors; that the plat is correct, with such further description by such reference to natural objects or permanent monuments as shall identify the claim, and furnish an accurate description, to be incorporated in the patent. At the expiration of the sixty days of publication the claimant shall file his affidavit, showing that the plat and notices have been posted in a conspicuous place on the claim during said period of publication. If no adverse claim shall have been filed with the Register and the Receiver of the proper Land Office at the expiration of the sixty days of publication, it shall be assumed that

the applicant is entitled to a patent, upon the payment to the proper officer of five dollars per acre, and that no adverse claim exists; and thereafter no objection from third parties to the issuance of a patent shall be heard, except it be shown that the applicant has failed to comply with this Act.

Sec. 7. That where an adverse claim shall be filed during the period of publication, it shall be upon oath of the person or persons making the same, and shall show the nature, boundaries, and extent of such adverse claim, and all proceedings, except the publication of notice and making and filing of the affidavit thereof, shall be stayed until the controversy shall have been settled or decided by a Court of competent jurisdiction, or the adverse claim waived. It shall be the duty of the adverse claimant, within thirty days after filing his claim, to commence proceedings in a Court of competent jurisdiction, to determine the question of the right of possession, and prosecute the same with reasonable diligence to final judgment; and a failure so to do shall be a waiver of his adverse claim. After such judgment shall have been rendered, the party entitled to the possession of the claim, or any portion thereof, may, without giving further notice, file a certified copy of the judgment roll with the Register of the Land Office, together with the certificate of the Surveyor General that the requisite amount of labor has been expended, or improvements made thereon, and the description required in other cases, and shall pay to the Receiver five dollars per acre for his claim, together with the proper fees, whereupon the whole proceedings and the judgment roll shall be certified by the Register to the Commissioner of the General Land Office, and a patent shall issue thereon for the claim, or such portion thereof as the applicant shall appear, from the decision of the Court, to rightly possess. If it shall appear from the decision of the Court that several parties are entitled to separate and different portions of the claim, each party may pay for his portion of the claim, with the proper fees, and file the certificate and description by the Surveyor General, whereupon the Register shall certify the proceedings and judgment roll to the Commissioner of the General Land Office, as in the preceding case, and patents shall issue to the several parties according to their respective rights. Proof of citizenship under this Act, or the Acts of July 26, 1866, and July 9, 1870 in the case of an individual, may consist of his own affidavit thereof, and in case of an association of persons unincorporated, of the affidavit of their authorized agent, made on his own knowledge and upon information and belief, and in case of a corporation organized under the laws of the United States or of any State or Territory of the United States, by the filing of a certified copy of their charter or certificate of incorporation; and nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent the alienation of the title conveyed by a patent for a mining claim to any person whatever.

Sec. 8. That the description of vein or lode claims, upon surveyed lands, shall designate the location of the claim with reference to the lines of the public surveys, but need not conform therewith; but where a patent shall be issued as aforesaid for claims upon unsurveyed lands, the Surveyor General, in extending the surveys, shall adjust the same to the boundaries of such patented claim according to the plat or description thereof, but so as in no case to interfere with or change the location of any such patented claim.

Sec. 9. That Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, and 6 of an Act entitled "An Act granting the right of way to ditch and canal owners over the public lands, and for other purposes," approved July 26, 1866, are hereby repealed, but such repeal shall not affect existing rights. Applications for patents for mining claims now pending may be prosecuted to a final decision in the General Land Office; but in such cases where adverse rights are not affected thereby, patents may issue in pursuance of the provisions of this Act; and all patents for mining claims heretofore issued under the Act of July 26, 1866, shall convey all the rights and privileges conferred by this Act where no adverse rights exist at the time of the passage of this Act.

Sec. 10. That the Act entitled "An Act to amend an Act granting the right

MAIL AND EXPRESS LINE

TO AND FROM SONORA, MEXICO.

ANTONIO VARELA, Proprietor.

From Monday, the 11th instant, a splendid and comfortable coach will be running between this city and Altar, where it will connect with the stage to Hermosillo, making it a complete line between this and the latter city.

It will leave Tucson on every Monday at 2 o'clock p. m., and return on Saturdays at 4:30 p. m.

RATES OF FARE—To Hermosillo, \$20 (gold, or its equivalent); to Altar, \$10, (gold, or its equivalent).

Express matter, from 25 lbs and more, to Hermosillo, 6c. (gold, or its equivalent) to Altar, 3c. (gold, or its equivalent).

Money remittance to Hermosillo, 2 per cent; to Altar, 1 per cent.

For further particulars, apply in this city to D. VILLASCO.
Tucson, November 8, 1872. no21f

THE UNDERSIGNED

OFFER FOR SALE.

(JUST RECEIVED VIA GUAYMAS.)

Crushed Sugar.

At \$26 1/2 100lb sack—retail, 30c 1/2 lb.

Costa Rica Coffee.

At \$34 1/2 100lb sack—retail, 35c 1/2 lb.

Pearl Starch.

At \$3 1/2 12lb box—retail, 39c 1/2 lb.

Adamantine Candles.

At \$5 75 20lb box—retail, 33 1/2 c 1/2 lb.

Chemical Olive Soap.

At \$5 75 35lb box.

Coal Oil, Best Brands.

At \$7 50 40gal. can—retail at 75¢ gal.

A Large Stock of other Merchandise at very lowest rates.

M. I. JACOBS & CO.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States, for the First Judicial District of the Territory of Arizona.

THE UNITED STATES

against

TWENTY-FIVE GALLONS OF MESCAL

AND ONE BARREL.

To all whom it may concern: Whereas, the said twenty-five gallons of mescal and the said barrel above mentioned were duly seized by J. W. Hopkins, Esq., Deputy Collector of Customs, for non-payment of import duties; and an information for condemnation thereof has been duly filed in the District Court of the United States, for the First Judicial District of the Territory of Arizona, by J. E. McCaffery, Esq., Attorney of the United States for the said Territory of Arizona, and a motion has been duly issued to me from the said District Court of the United States, as required by law.

Now, therefore, I hereby give notice to all persons claiming the same, or knowing or having anything to say why the same should not be condemned as forfeited, and the proceeds thereof distributed according to the provisions of the said Act, that they be and appear before the said Court, to be held in and for the First Judicial District of the Territory of Arizona, on the second day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, if the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise on the next day of jurisdiction thereafter, then and there to interpose a claim for the same, and make their allegations in that behalf.

Dated at Tucson this, the 18th day of November, 1872. I. Q. DICKSON,

U. S. Marshal.

By JOHN MILLER, Deputy. no21td

AGENCY

PHILADELPHIA BREWERY.

San Francisco.

CORNER MISSILLA AND MYERS STREETS, TUCSON.

English Ale and Porter in bottles.

Ale and Lager Beer on draught.

Loaches,
Rye Bread,
Caviare,
Swiss Cheese,
Sausages (smoked),
Etc., Etc., Etc.

Genuine Topic Cigars, wholesale and retail.
no28-41 LEVIN.

City Lots for Sale.

VILLAGE RECORDER'S OFFICE,
TUCSON, A. T., Nov. 23, 1872.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT lots belonging to the village of Tucson can be purchased at private sale at application to the Village Recorder.
W. J. O'BRYEN

no284w Recorder.